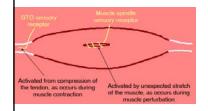
#### A New Prescription:

Exercise and the Groundbreaking Techniques for the Treatment of ADHD, Aggression, and Autism Spectrum Disorder.

#### **Beta-blockers Today**

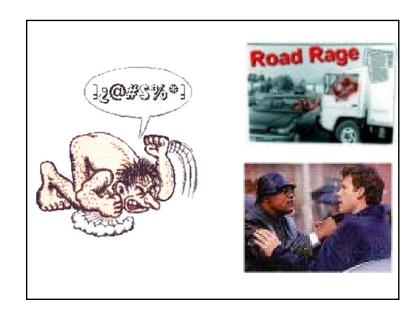
- Beversdorf DQ<sup>1</sup>, Saklayen S, Higgins KF, Bodner KE, Kanne SM, Christ SE Effect of propranolol on word fluency in autism. Cogn Behav Neurol. 2011 Mar;24(1):11-7. Propranolol significantly improved performance on category fluency
- Bodner KE, Beversdorf DQ, Saklayen SS, Christ SE. J Int Neuropsychol Soc. 2012
  May;18(3):556-64 Individuals with ASD performed more poorly than non-ASD individuals in the working memory condition. Importantly, administration of propranolol attenuated this impairment, with the ASD group performing significantly better in the propranolol condition than the placebo condition
- Beversdorf DQ, Carpenter AL, Miller RF, Cios JS, Hillier A. Effect of propranolol on verbal problem solving in autism spectrum disorder. Neurocase. 2008;14(4):378-83 ASD subjects benefited from propranolol on simple anagrams, whereas control subjects were impaired by propranolol.

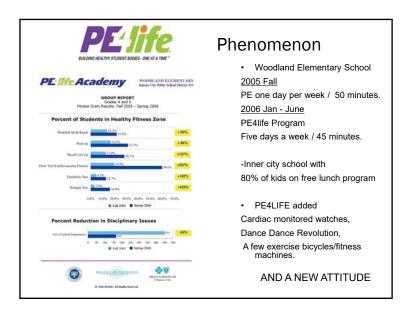
### Muscle Spindles Activated by B-receptor

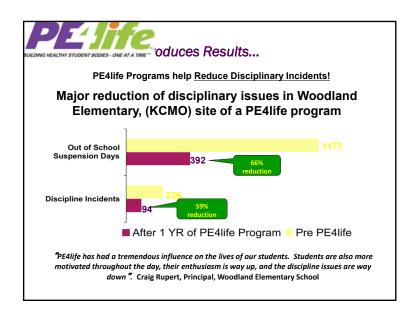


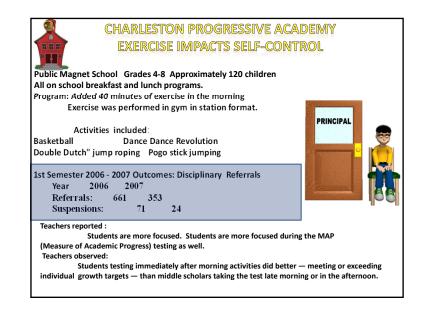


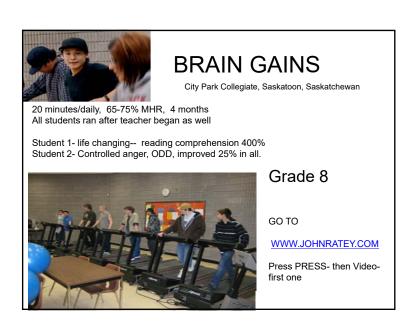
- Epinephrine causes an increase in muscle tension; readying the person to react to a threat
- B-blockers block the receptor to decrease the body's arousal peripherally.











#### Time In versus Time Out





#### IN THE MOMENT



# The Power of PLAY

Play evolved – to promote survival. Play makes the brain smarter - more adaptable - higher animals.

Play is the basis of social contact and group interaction - fostering empathy – The core of creativity and innovation.

Play gives us the ability to become smarter and more creative, to learn more about the world than the genes could ever teach, to adapt to a changing world.

In a world of continuously presenting unique challenges and ambiguities.. Play Prepares the Player to cope with the evolving planet.

The more recess... the better behaved and attentive the student or worker.

The species with the biggest brain size play the most. Humans should never stop!







Play: How it Shapes the Brain, Opens Imagination, and Invigorates the Soul (2009

Play prepares the player, to cope with the unique challenges and ambiguities of a world that is continuously changing. Play is necessary to keep our major brain systems synchronized.

The period when maximum play occurs - Ages 3-7 yrs is also the period of the most rapid growth of the cerebellum.

#### Animals at Play

Stuart Brown describes the pictures of a wild starving, male, polar bear entering the area where a group of huskies were waiting.





The photographer was sure that he was going to see the end of his huskies as this 1200 lb polar bear had not eaten in 4 months., BUT

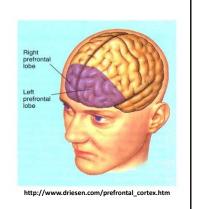
Shortly, before the Husky was in a crouched bow with tail wagging ready to play

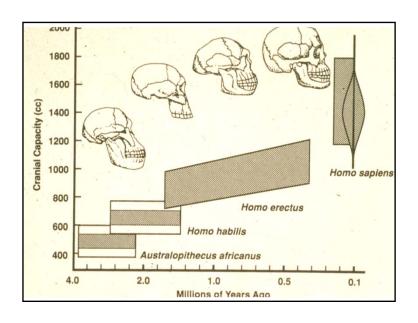


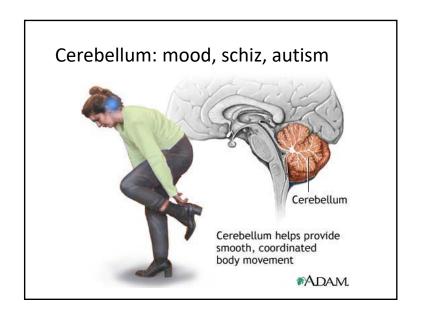


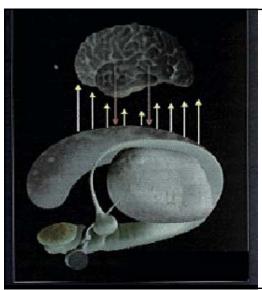
# The Prefrontal Cortex Major Role in Executive Function

- EXERCISE particularly affects our Executive Function
  - Planning
  - Organization
  - Initiate or delay a response
  - Consequence evaluation
  - Learning from mistakes
  - Maintain the focus
  - Working Memory
- Dysfunction in these areas leads to disruption in the organization and control of behavior





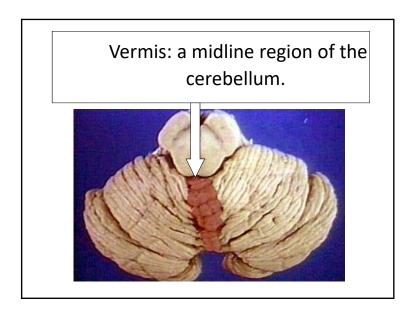




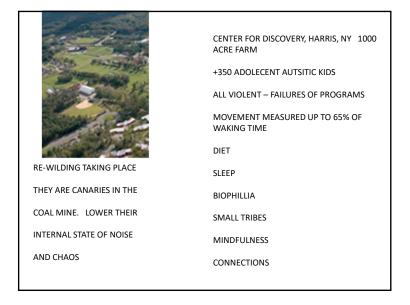
MORE NERVE TRAFFIC RISES UP FROM THE LIMBIC SYSTEM THAN DOWN FROM THE CORTEX. OUR EMOTIONS THEN RULE OUR CONGNITIVE BRAIN.

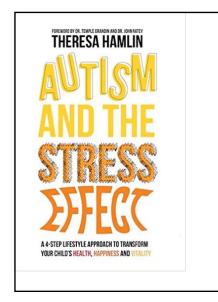
AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND PRACTICE ADD TO OUR CORTEX'S ABILITY TO INHIBIT, CONTROL, SCULPT OUR BEHAVIORAL RESPOSNES.

PSYCHOTHERAPY, DRUGS, LEARNING FROM ONES MISTAKES, COGNITIVE BEHAVIORAL TRAINING, VISUALIZATION, "ICON IMPLANTS" (RELIGION, NLP, HYPNOSIS, GROWTH-ALL CAN INCREASE THE POWER OF THE CORTEX TO HELP MASTER THE NETHER REGIONS



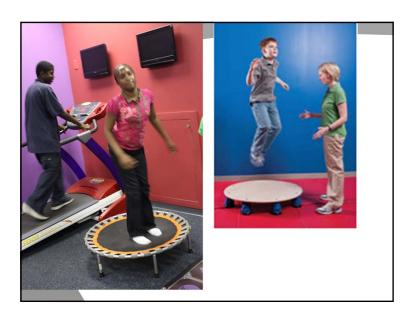




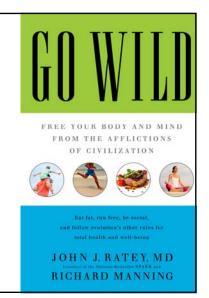


## **Motor Problems Predict Severity**

- 159 ASD kids (14-33 months) relationship of fine and gross motor skills and social communicative skills.
   Fine motor and gross motor skills significantly predicted autism severity {p < .05).</li>
- Children with weaker motor skills have greater social communicative skill deficits.
- working on motor skill with balance training and many different types of exercise has positive effect and outcome.



- DIET
- EXERCISE
- PLAY
- SLEEP
- BIOPHILLIA NATURE
- MINDFULNESS
- CONNECTION
- SMALL TRIBES



#### Dance

- 16 higher functioning ASD students had an hour once a week for 7 weeks and used a comparison group with no change in their treatment.
- Dance Therapy with mirroring movements
- Improved
- Self-esteem
- Body Awareness
- Social Skills

Koch SC, Mehl L, Sobanski E, Sieber M, Fuchs T. Fixing the mirrors: A feasibilit y study of the effects of dance movement therapy on young adults with autism spectrum disorder. Autism 2015 Apr. 10(3):338-50.

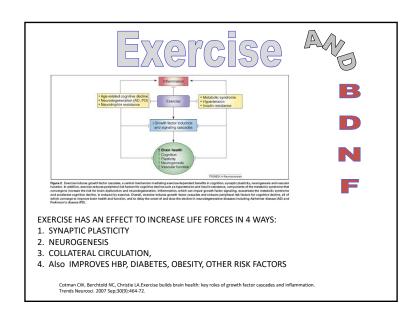
#### Positive Exercise engagement

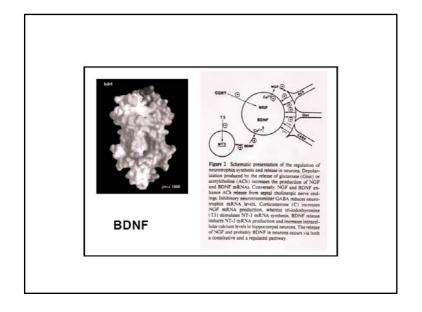
- Prior exercise- in 2 cases- reduced stereotypic behaviors
- The duration of the exercise was based on the preassigned criteria for satiation in consultation with the child's therapist.
- This leads to the possibility of testing to see how much exercise is useful
- Led to increased on-task behavior and task completion as well as a decrease in stereotypic behavior
- Jumping on a trampoline until satiated- mean time was 9 minutes for the 11yr old and 6 min for the 7 yr old

Neely L, Rispoli M, Gerow S, Ninci J. Effects of antecedent exercise on academic engagement and stereotypy during instruction. Behav Mod 2015 Jan;39(1):98-116. doi: 10.1177/0145445514552891







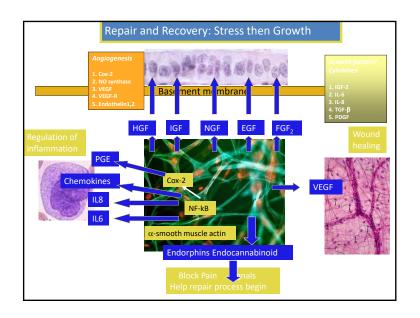


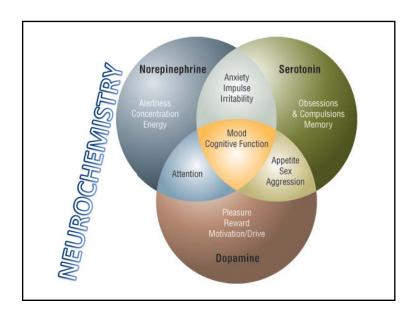
#### BDNF and Anxiety, 2017

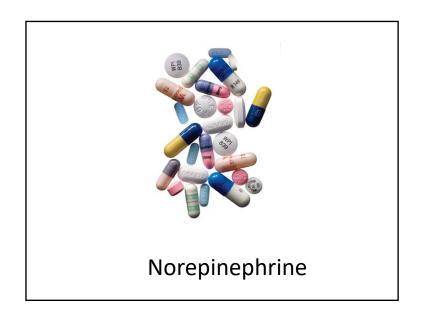
- Mechanistic studies in adult animals have demonstrated a link between anxiety, 5-HT, and brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF), a major neurotrophic factor that undergoes elevated expression during the periadolescent period
- For example, SSRI administration increases the expression of BDNF in cortical and limbic brain regions, and BDNF is required for the anxiolytic and antidepressant actions of these agents
- BDNF is also a critical neurotrophic factor for the development and function of the 5-HT neurotransmitter system, and mutant rodent models with reduced BDNF signaling display increased anxiety behaviors.
- May have life long anxiolytic effects on the 5-HT system

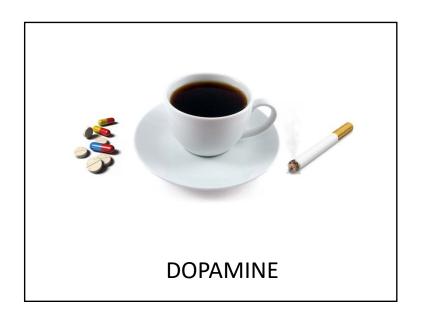
BDNF, 5-HT, and Anxiety: Identification of a Critical Periadolescent Developmental Period. Duman RS. Am J Psychiatry. 2017 Dec 1;174(12):1137-1139. doi: 10.1176/appi.ajp.2017.17101084.

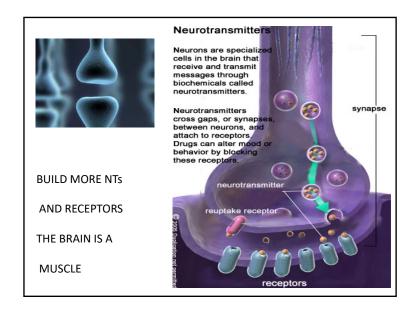














#### More GABA puts the breaks on!

Exercise increased prepro-galanin mRNA expression in the locus coeruleus

Exercise rats that were not injected (0x FG7142) exhibit increased (a) optical density for prepro-galanin mRNA in the locus coeruleus compared to sedentary counterparts. Suggesting that long durations of running are needed to increase galanin gene expression, the (b) optical density for prepro-galanin mRNA in the locus coeruleus was positively correlated with distance ran at 3 weeks. (c) The representative photomicrographs show  $^{\rm wS}$ -Oignoutelottide binding directed towards prepro-galanin mRNA in the brain of rat stat were not injected and either forced to remain in sedentary conditions (left) or allowed access to a running wheel (right) for three weeks. Sections were collected at -1.004 mm from bregma. Scale bar indicates 1 mm. Data are mean  $\pm$  SEM (n = 9–10). "p < .01 vs. Sedentary 0x FG7142.

<u>Voluntary exercise offers anxiolytic potential and amplifies galanin gene expression</u> in the locus coeruleus of the rat

Behav Brain Res. ;233(1):191-200.

522 papers mostly in last 10 years on the effect of exercise on GABA levels to act as a regulator on the brain getting too overwhelmed.

Brings about equilibrium and protection of cells and circuits.





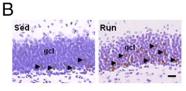
STRESSORS HAVE TO BE MORE THREATENING

AND LONGER TERM

IMMEDIATE

6 WEEKS OF RUNNING VS CONTROL

Physical exercise prevents stress-induced activation of granule neurons and enhances local inhibitory mechanisms in the dentate gyrus. Schoenfeld TJ, Rada P, Pieruzzini PR, Hsueh B, **Gould** E. J Neurosci. 2013 May 1;33



**EXERCISING RATS MAKE MORE** 

GABA CELLS IN HIPPOCAMPUS-

MORE RESISTANT TO THREATS -

### Yoga increases GABA

There is a low level of GABA activity in both Anxiety and Depression. As well as Chronic Stress and PTSD. Exercise and Yoga both increase the level of GABA in the Hippocampus.

There was an acute increase in thalamic GABA levels immediately after the 60-min yoga session. These increases in thalamic GABA levels in the yoga group were positively correlated with improved mood and decreased anxiety. There were no significant changes in GABA levels in the walking group.





Effects of yoga versus walking on mood, anxiety, and brain GABA levels: a randomized controlled MRS study. Streeter CC<sup>1</sup>, Whitfield TH, Owen L, Rein T, Karri SK, Yakhkind A, Perlmutter R, Prescot A, Renshaw PF, Ciraulo DA, Jensen JE, JAltern Complement Med. 2010 Nov;16(11):1145-52

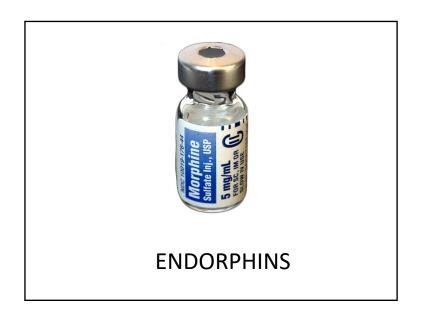
#### Yoga and ASD

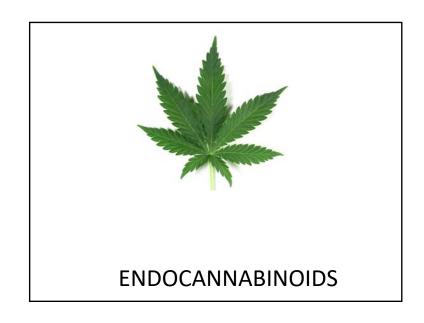
- Twenty-four (24) children aged 3–16 years
- Intervention: The efficacy of an 8-week multimodal yoga, dance, and music therapy program based on the relaxation response (RR) was developed and examined.
- genera and service and service

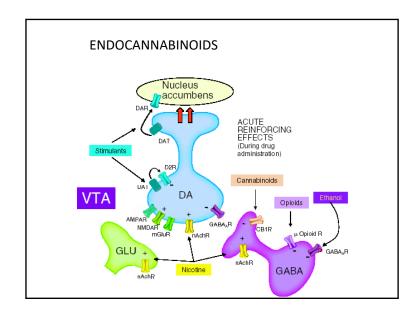
nges on scales measuring
All groups responded positively but kids 7-11 had the
Icludial ຂ້ອງຂອງ ເຄືອນ ເປັນ ກາງ behavior!

and aptive skills.

Rosenblatt LE, Gorantia S, Torres JA, Yarmush RS, Rao S, Park ER, Denninger JW, Benson H, Fricchione GL, Bernstein B, Levine JB. Relaxation response-based voga improves functioning in young children with autism: a pilot study. J Altern Complement Med. 2011 Nov;17(11):1029-35.



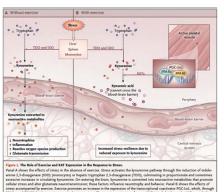




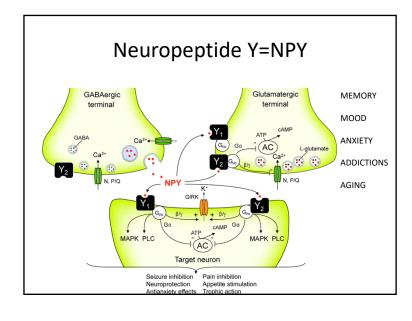
Did you know that
a twenty-second
hug releases
the bonding
hormone and
neurotransmitter
oxytocin, which
is nature's
antidepressant
and antianxiety

#### Exercise treats panic by Atrial Natriuretic Peptide (ANP) 2 days - 10 pts tested-30 min exercise or "30 min "rest" se in ANP [pg/ml] 20 Given CCK4. (Cholecystokinin-tetrapedtide) to induce panic, 10 minutes after exercise or rest In exercise panic scores (API) were reduced and r=0.69 correlated with rise in ANP Exercise induced reduction in Acute Panic Inventory Score Figure 1 Positive correlation between, the exercise-Andreas Stro<sup>-</sup>hle et al., Anxiety modulation by the heart? Aerobic exer and atrial natriuretic peptide, Psychoneuroendocrinology (2006), doi:10.1016/j.psyneuen.2006.08.003 induced increase in plasma ANP concentrations and the

# Kynurenine and Depression

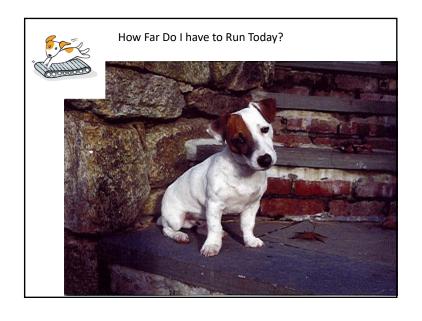


Depression is no longer just one or two factors, but a chaotic complex system change that needs a reset. It is not just a problem with neurotransmitters, but dysregulation of the stress system (dysregulation of the HPA), change in the immune-inflammatory pathways, mitochondrial changes, growth factor changes, and increased oxidative changes. A simple way to look at it as the forces of erosion in the brain have gained an upper hand on the forces of growth. Neuroplasticity is stopped. Panel B- shows that exercise prevents crossing of Kynurenine into the brain

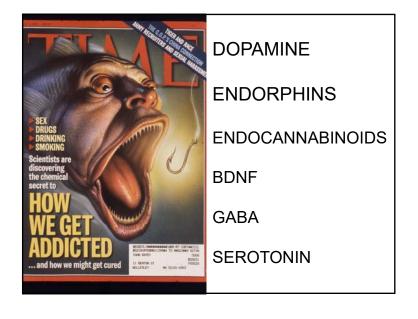












# MICHAEL PHELPS OFF RITALIN At age 9, Miclused to treat helped a little



At age 9, Michael was put on Ritalin, a stimulant used to treat hyperactivity. His mother thinks it helped a little. He seemed to be able to focus longer, he could get through homework without moving around so much. She said he was still a middling student. It might have raised some C's to B's, she said. But if a homework assignment had to be at least four sentences, she said, He'd just do four sentences.

After two years, Michael asked to get off the meds. He had to go to the school nurse's office to take a pill at lunch, she said, and felt stigmatized. Just out of the blue, he said to me 1 don't want to do this anymore, Mom.

After consulting with the Dr., Michael stopped medication. In the meantime, Michael the swimmer had appeared. By 10, he was ranked nationally in his age group. Ms. Phelips watched the boy who couldn't sit still at school sit for four hours at a meet waiting to swim his five minutes' worth of races.

At age 12 Michael needed an algebra tutor, and was so antsy in school that his mother suggested the teacher sit him at a table in the back. And yet he willingly got up at 6:30 daily for 90-minute morning practices and swam 2 to 3 hours every afternoon.



## When the Dog walker did not show up

