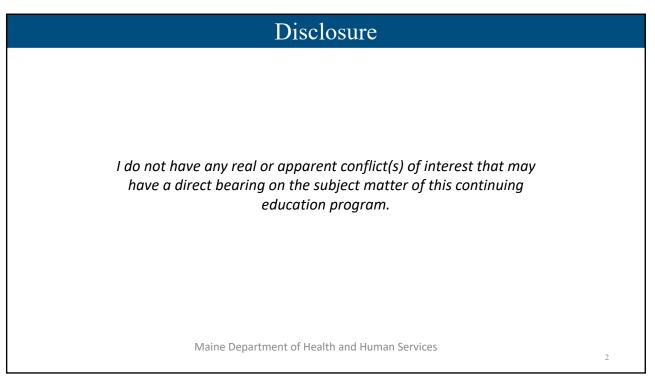
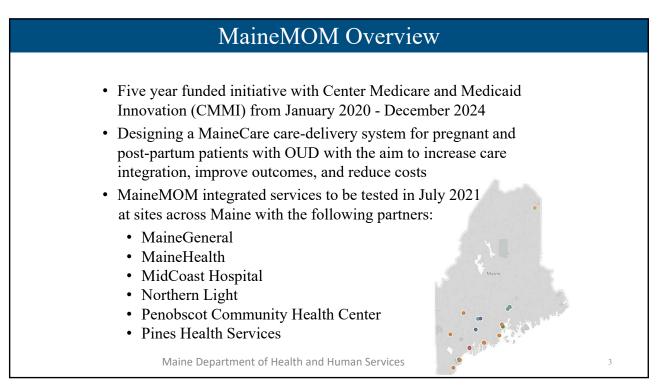
MaineMOM Model of Care for Perinatal Patients with Opioid Use Disorder

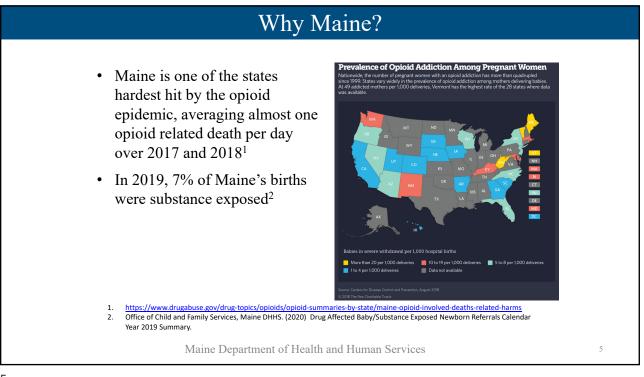
August 28, 2020 Alane O'Connor DNP





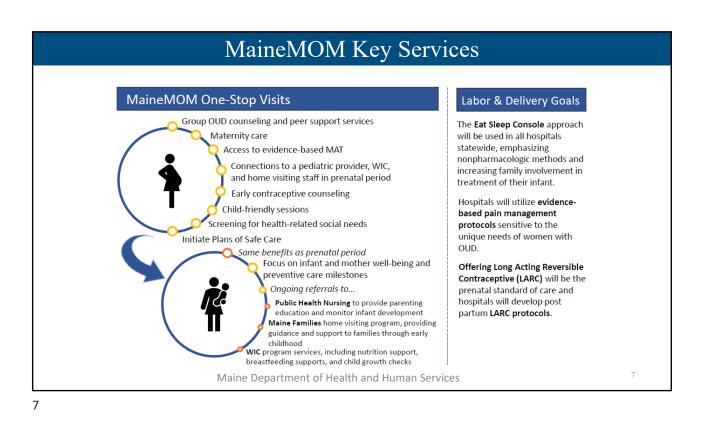


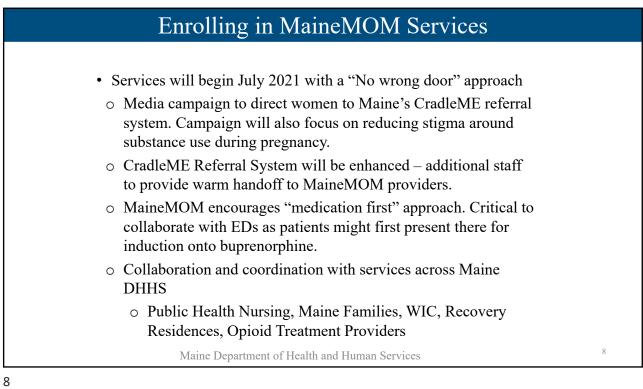
MaineMOM Timeline
• January 2020 – June 2021 (Year 1): Plan and Design Services
 Implement advisory structure to garner input and feedback from healthcare providers, community programs, and women in recovery
Launch educational support and public outreach and awareness campaign
• July 2021 – June 2022 (Year 2): Test and Implement MaineCare Policy
 Implement MaineMOM Services with six partner organizations to test and improve services
 Incorporate MaineMOM services into the MaineCare Benefits Manual
 July 2022 – June 2023 (Year 3): Expand Services
Open expansion to other healthcare sites to deliver MaineMOM services
• July 2023 – July 2024 (Year 4): Improve Services
• July 2024 – June 2025 (Year 5): Evaluate Outcomes
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	MaineMOM Objectives	
•	"No wrong door" screening, welcoming, and engaging women in care	
•	Supporting treatment and recovery of mothers with group-based Medication Assisted Treatment (MAT)	
•	Increasing the capacity of integrated teams to deliver evidence-based care, including through telehealth	
•	Coordinating care across the system and within the community	
•	Conducting a public outreach campaign aimed at increasing awareness of treatment and reducing stigma	
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MaineMOM Educational Support

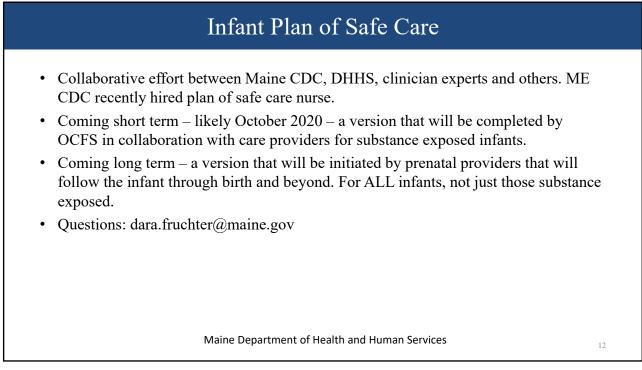
- Focus on clinical education through:
 - Clinical office hours for collaboration and consultation
 - MaineMOM Statewide ECHO
 - A virtual learning structure
 - Utilize expert faculty to provide focused case consultation and support for implementation of quality care practices



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Substance exposed pregnancies

- Pregnant women with substance use disorder are likely to have:
 - an unplanned pregnancy;
 - many adverse childhood experiences, ACE's (a "dose response" relationship);
 - a co-occurring mental health disorder;
 - more than one substance use disorder (opioid, nicotine, alcohol, stimulants, cannabis);
 - experienced (past and/or present) intimate partner violence;
 - difficulty developing healthy attachments in relationships (fear, low self-esteem, and unstable, volatile and unpredictable relationships).

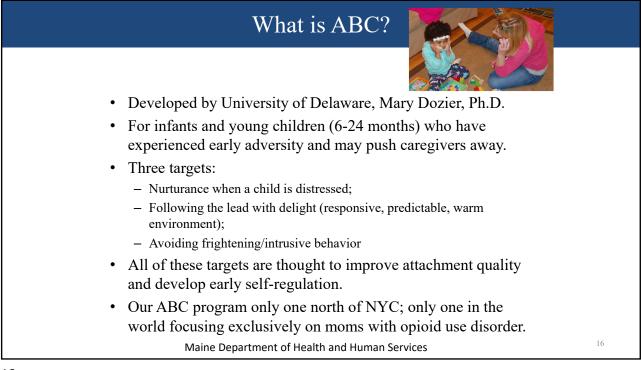
Substance exposed infants

- Infants exposed to opioids during pregnancy are at risk of neonatal abstinence syndrome (e.g., irritability, tremor, poor feeding, crying, difficulty being consoled). Mom often feels shame, "this is my fault."
- May experience disruptions in care (1/2 of all child removals in Maine are related to substance use).
- For successful attachments to occur, mom and infant need to learn to read and respond to each other's cues.



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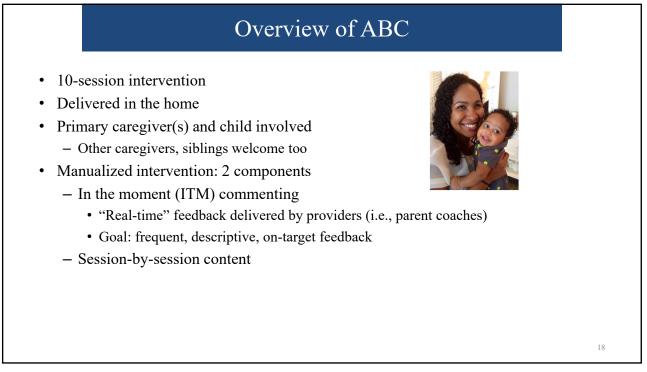


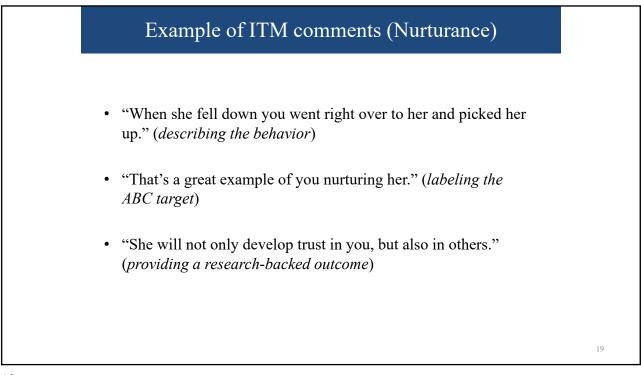
What are the outcomes associated with ABC?

• Children:

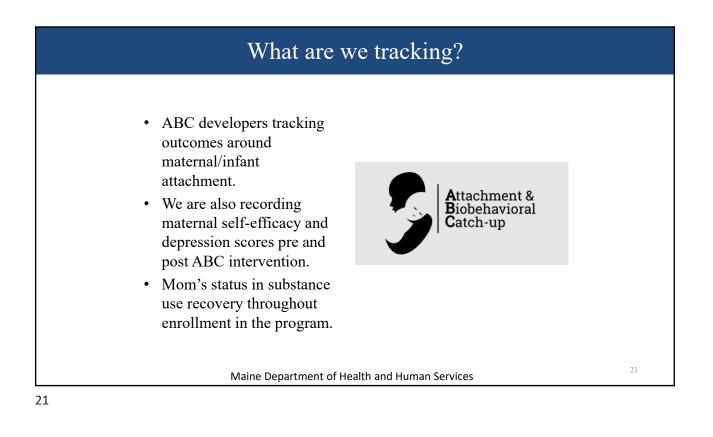
- are more likely to be securely attached to their caregivers;
- develop more normative stress hormone patterns;
- develop better impulse control;
- are less likely to show anger during a challenging task;
- have an easier time switching between complex tasks (executive functioning);
- have more advanced receptive language abilities.
- Parents respond to their young children with more sensitivity.

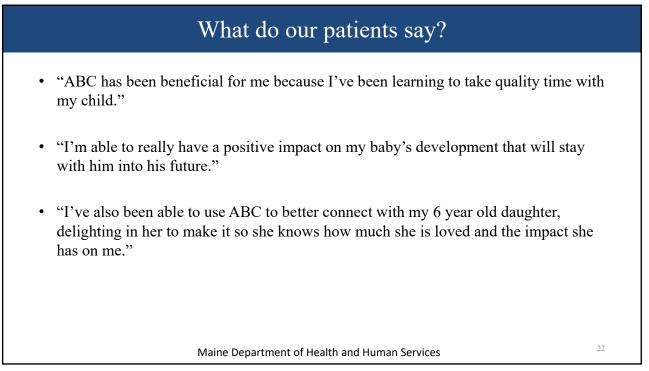
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	d content: session overview
1-2 Providing	nurturance
3-4 Following	the lead with delight
5-6 Avoiding	intrusive and frightening behavior
7-8 Recognizi	ng own issues ("Voices from the Past")
9-10 Consolida	ting gains and celebrating change

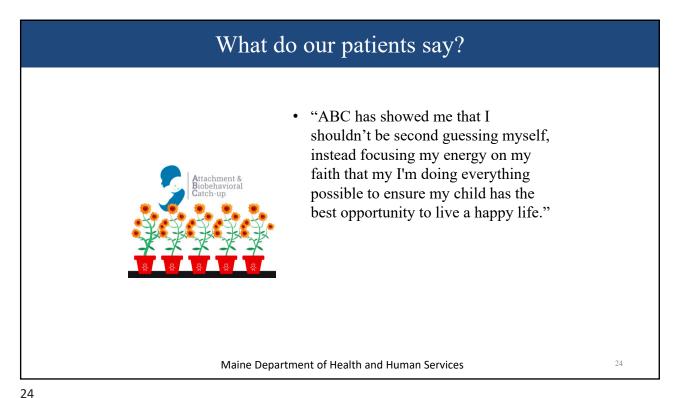




What do our patients say?

- "Both of my children will grow up knowing that they have our support forever no matter what and this will hopefully help them to make more healthy relationships with others, while also teaching them proper coping mechanisms and self-confidence."
- "ABC has benefitted me by showing me different techniques to interact with my child as well as gave me confidence I was using the right tools to ensure my son has his brightest future possible."

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- Successes:
 - Anecdotal information to date suggests mom's self-confidence and self-esteem enhanced.
 - A committed and collaborative team.
 - Once mom tries it, she's very likely to keep going.
- Challenges:
 - COVID!!
 - Mom's (and/or partner's) discomfort having parent coach in the home and/or videotaping requirement.
 - Coordinating, scheduling, contacting high risk families.

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