

Silver Diamine Fluoride Toolkit

Introduction

Silver Diamine Fluoride (SDF) is a topical medicament cleared by the FDA as a Class II medical device to treat tooth hypersensitivity. Commonly, SDF (38% solution) has been used off-label to stabilize dental caries in children and adults. SDF is a brush-on liquid that prevents dental decay from progressing and spreading to other teeth. Unlike traditional treatments such as drilling and filling a cavity, SDF is quick, painless, and does not require local anesthesia or sedation.

The American Medical Association (AMA) approved a new category III CPT code for the application of SDF by medical teams to arrest dental decay without a dental filling. The addition of this code is a milestone in improving access to dental care and, ultimately, helping more people achieve better oral health.

Previously only dental care providers could apply SDF, however, now primary care team members will be able to apply SDF to treat cavities and be reimbursed for it.

Indications and usage:

The following scenarios may be well-suited for the use SDF:

- High caries-risk patients with anterior or posterior active cavitated lesions.
- Cavitated caries lesions in individuals presenting with behavioral or medical management challenges.
- Patients with multiple cavitated caries lesions that may not all be treated in one visit.
- Difficult to treat cavitated dental caries lesions.
- Patients without access to or with difficulty accessing dental care.
- Active cavitated caries lesions with no clinical signs of pulp involvement.





Health System Integration Checklist

1. Leadership Approval	Description	Completed					
Key Task	Description Clinical champion is typically a physician. It's helpful to have	Completed					
Identify clinical champion(s)	multiple physicians and clinical support staff championing this service integration effort.						
	Name of clinical champion:						
Gain additional physician buy-in and prioritization	Within a health system, it's recommended to present concept of SDF to any physician lead groups to foster service buy-in. This will aid in leadership prioritization.						
·	Name of physician group within health system:						
	Within your practice who are the key leaders who need to approve the use of SDF treatment. Are there any medical/ IT/ billing committees that need to be notified?						
Leadership approval to onboard SDF	List of key leaders:						
	(This could be a Practice Manager, Operations Manager/Director/VP, Chief Medical Officer or Chief Nursing Officer. – physician champion will need to determine the right leadership for your organization)						
2. Service Approval							
Key Task	Description	Completed					
New service onboarding procedure	Work with a practice manager to determine if there is any paperwork that needs to be completed when onboarding a new service within a practice or health system. New service paperwork typically includes: providing evidence-based information on the new service providing billing codes and diagnosis codes patient population who will be receiving the service cost of new service who can apply SDF (In Maine a qualified provider can apply SDF. This is interpreted as an advanced practitioner who has been trained to apply SDF.)						
an advanced practitioner who has been trained to apply SDF.) Contact pharmacy department to determine procedures for onboarding SDF as a topical medicament. Pharmacy Pharmacy contact:							



3. Electronic Health Record Integration						
Key Task	Description	Completed				
Integrate SDF procedure into electronic health record system	What is the IT request process to make chances to the electronic health record? It's helpful to have a billing person aware of the EMR build so they can input billing codes appropriately.					
	Name of IT contact:					
	(See SDF Electronic Health Record Documentation below for example build)					
4. Billing Integration						
Key Task	Description	Completed				
SDF billing codes into billing system	Identify contact within billing department and onboard billing codes for MaineCare and commercial insurance. • Name of billing contact:					
	(FTFT can provide SDF billing codes)					
5. Development of Consent F	orm and Patient Education Material					
Key Task	Description	Completed				
Consent form	 Determine if there is a standard consent form for your practice/health system. Contact/department who can approve consent form: (See example consent form below) 					
Patient Education Materials	Determine if there is a standard patient education material process for your practice/health system (See example patient education material below)					
6. Workflow Optimization						
Key Task	Description	Completed				
SDF workflow at the practice level	 Determine best workflow for the practice. Examples of workflow include: SDF application during the well-child visit SDF application at an appointment scheduled after a patient is identified Creation of clinic time dedicated to SDF application 					
7. Training						
Key Task	Description	Completed				
SDF Training	 Determine SDF training plan. Example training plan includes: Completion of the Smiles for Life Curriculum Hands on SDF application training (FTFT is providing a limited number of hands-on trainings)					



^{*}For additional information on integration see the <u>American Academy of Pediatrics SDF Application in the Pediatric Medical Setting</u> guidance

Preparing for Clinical Use Checklist

Review SDF workflow at team meeting

Review plan for patient educational material and consent form

Assigning Material Preparation Roles

- Who will order supplies?:_______

Materials to Order					
Gloves					
Disposable patient napkin (bib)					
Patient safety glasses (kids sun glasses- optional)					
Cotton rolls or gauze					
Vaseline					
Silver diamine fluoride-unit-dose*					
Fluoride varnish					
Dental mirror (if needed)					
Tray to hold supplies					

^{*}SDF can be ordered from Elevate Oral Care. Unit-dose is recommended for easy of use in primary care however, any SDF product can be purchased by primary care office. The sales representative is: Hayley Buckner, RDH, BS, FADHA, Professional Relations Manager Office: 877-866-9113, Ext. 406 Cell: 775-342-8703 Website: www.elevateoralcare.com

Pricing may vary from what is listed here!

Product	Item #	Flavor/ Color	Price Level Discounts			Qty.	
Advantage Arrest® Silver Diamine Fluoride 38%			1 Unit	2 Units	3 Units	12 Units	
Box of 30 Unit-Dose Ampules (0.1 mL per ampule) - Includes 30 Small & 30 Large Applicators	635UD3000	N/A	\$155.00	\$150.00	\$145.00		
8 mL Bottle	635000100	N/A	\$210.00	\$199.00	\$190.00	\$175.00	
Three Bottle Kit (3 mL per bottle)	635003030	N/A	\$260.00	\$245.00	\$230.00	\$215.00	
Medical Convenience Kit	635AACNKT	N/A	\$14.00				
Large Applicators (Green) - 100 Pack	635APPLGR	N/A	\$12.50				
Small Applicators (Pink) - 100 Pack	635APPLPI	N/A	\$12.50				
Advantage Arrest® Silver Diamine Fluoride 38% Gel NEW!			1 Kit	2 Kits	3+ Kits		
Box of 30 Unit-Dose Ampules (0.1 mL per ampule)	635GE3000	N/A	\$160.00	\$155.00	\$150.00		



Picture of SDF Set up



Set Up for SDF Clinical Application

SDF application materials:

- SDF unit-dose ampule
- Gloves
- Gauze/ cotton rolls
- Disposable patient napkin
- Vaseline
- Fluoride varnish
- Safety glasses for patient (optional)
- Dental mirror (if needed)

Patient SDF consent form

Patient SDF educational material

Sample Consent Form

Patient Name:
Date of Birth:
Informed Consent for Silver Diamine Fluoride (SDF)
THE BENEFITS OF SDF
 SDF is a liquid antibiotic that can help stop tooth decay and relieve tooth sensitivity.
 SDF can help prevent the need for fillings or other more invasive treatment on a tooth
SDF is easy to use and does not hurt. There is no need to numb or drill teeth.
THE PROCEDURE
The affected area of the tooth is dried.
 A small amount of SDF is placed on the affected area and allowed to dry for 1 minute.
There may be a metallic taste that will go away quickly.
After application of SDF, no eating or drinking for one hour.
DO NOT USE SDF IF
THERE IS AN ALLERGY TO SILVER
There are painful sores or raw areas on the gums or in the mouth.
RISKS RELATED TO SDF INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO:
• The affected area will stain gray to black permanently as shown in the photo. Healthy tooth structure will not stain, only the unhealthy area. This means the SDF is working.
• Tooth-colored fillings and crowns may discolor if SDF is applied to them. Normally this color change is temporary
and can be polished off.
• If applied to the skin or gums, a brown stain may appear that causes no harm but will not immediately wash off. The stain will gradually disappear (within 1-3 weeks).
SDF might not stop tooth decay and the decay process may progress. In that case the tooth will require further
treatment such as repeat SDF, a filling, crown, root canal treatment, or extraction.
ALTERNATIVES TO SDF INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO:
 No treatment. May lead to worsening decay with continued deterioration of tooth structure, cosmetic appearance, and/or worsening symptoms.
 Depending on the location and extent of decay, other treatment may include placement of fluoride varnish, a filling crown, extraction, or referral for advanced treatment.
I CERTIFY THAT I HAVE READ AND FULLY UNDERSTAND THIS DOCUMENT AND I HAVE HAD THE CHANCE TO HAVE ANY
QUESTIONS ANSWERED.
I consent and authorize XXX to use Silver Diamine Fluoride to help stop tooth decay.
. consont and dampine of the to doe offer Planning I decide to help stop tooth doody.
Patient/parent/legal guardian Patient/parent/legal guardian's Signature Date

Witness signature

Witness

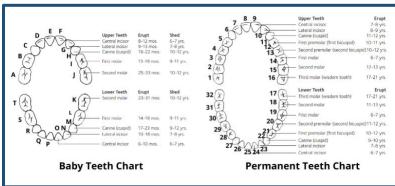


Date

SDF Electronic Health Record Documentation

The electronic health record (EHR) will capture the following information:

- Silver Diamine Fluoride application to treat active tooth decay?
 - o Clinical staff to apply Silver Diamine Fluoride today
 - o Clinical staff to schedule a separate appointment for application
 - o Patient refused Silver Diamine Fluoride
 - Not discussed with patient
- SDF consent form reviewed with patient or legal guardian:
 - o Patient or legal guardian accepted SDF treatment
 - o Patient or legal guardian refused SDF treatment
- Is the pulp of the tooth exposed:
 - o Yes If yes, do not apply SDF
 - o No
- Does the patient have a silver allergy:
 - Yes- If yes, do not apply SDF
 - o No
- Has it been six months since prior application?
 - Yes
 - o No
- First application date: month/date/year
- Second application date: month/date/year
- **SDF Procedure:** A protective drape was used. Teeth were wiped with cotton rolls to remove food or debris. The tooth/teeth being treated was dried thoroughly. Silver diamine fluoride was carefully applied to the lesion(s) with a microsponge applicator until saturated and allowed to absorb for up to 30 seconds. Excess SDF was dabbed away with gauze.
- Fluoride varnish was applied post SDF treatment
 - Yes Charge Capture using CPT 99188- This would also satisfy need for fluoride varnish prompted by oral health risk assessment.
 - o No
- Number of teeth that received SDF treatment Charge Capture using D1354 for patients with MaineCare insurance and CPT 0792T for patients with commercial insurance. If silver diamine fluoride is applied during the WCC, silver diamine fluoride should be coded as part of the visit. If a separate visit is scheduled the visit would be for SDF application only, unless the patient had other acute issues that were addressed.
 - Documentation of teeth that received SDF treatment –



• Reminder to schedule an appointment in 6-months for reapplication and provide dental referral information



Silver Diamine Fluoride

Silver Diamine Fluoride **(SDF)** is a liquid made up of fluoride and silver particles to help stop cavities from getting worse. SDF stops cavities by killing the bacteria in the tooth that causes decay and helps keep the tooth healthy. SDF can be used by a dentist or medical provider.

How is SDF applied?

Your provider will take a small amount of the liquid SDF and put it on any areas of your teeth that have a cavity. Your provider will put a separate fluoride varnish over all of your teeth after they put on SDF. This helps prevent cavities in other parts of your mouth and masks any bad taste from the treatment.

Typically, 2 treatments of SDF are needed. The second treatment is 6 months after the first application.

What are the benefits of SDF?

- SDF treatment is quick and painless.
 - Because you won't have a long wait time, SDF is a good option for young children, or children with intellectual or developmental disabilities that have problems with normal dental treatment or normally require sedation at the dentist.
- SDF can stop cavities from getting worse.
- SDF delays or prevents the need for more invasive dental treatments.
- SDF is an accessible option for children who have limited access to a dentist.

What are the risks of SDF?

- SDF will permanently stain the cavity in your teeth black. The black color means that treatment is working. If SDF accidentally gets on your gum or lips, it will temporarily turn the area brown for up to 3 weeks. Healthy parts of your teeth will NOT be stained.
- SDF contains silver and should NOT be used if you have a silver allergy.

Picture of permanent black staining



What else is important for me to know?

- There are other treatment options that a dental provider can offer to fix a cavity. A dental provider can treat cavities with a filling, crown, or by removing the tooth.
- If your cavity is large and is sensitive to hot or cold items, this could mean the nerve of your tooth is exposed. SDF will NOT be used if the nerve of your tooth is exposed.

Does insurance pay for this?

• MaineCare insurance will cover SDF treatment. Many private insurance companies do not cover the cost of this procedure. Please call your insurance provider to discuss coverage of this treatment if you have questions about what you may owe.

Questions?

Please contact your provider for more information and to see if this treatment is right for you.



Silver Diamine Fluoride

Background

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Clinical Guidance

Indications and usage:

The following scenarios may be well-suited for the use SDF:

- High caries-risk patients with anterior or posterior active cavitated lesions.
- Cavitated caries lesions in individuals presenting with behavioral or medical management challenges.
- Patients with multiple cavitated caries lesions that may not all be treated in one visit.
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How to Apply Silver Diamine Fluoride

Materials

- SDF unit-dose ampule
- Gloves
- Gauze
- Disposable patient napkin
- Safety glasses for patient
- Vaseline
- Fluoride varnish

Application

- Place protective bib below patient's chin
- Wipe teeth with gauze or toothbrush to remove food or debris
- Dry the tooth/teeth being treated thoroughly
- Apply SDF to area of decay using a micro sponge applicator until area is saturated
- Allow area to absorb SDF liquid for 30-60 seconds
- Dab way excess liquid with gauze
- Apply fluoride varnishing to all teeth including SDF treated area



Overview of Oral Health Billing for MaineCare and Private Insurance

		MaineCare		Private Insurance			
	Procedure Code	ICD-10 Code/ Modifier	Reimbursement Rate	Procedure Code	ICD-10 Code/ Modifier	Reimbursement Rate	
Oral	D0145: Oral evaluation, patient under 3 years old	Z00.121 Encounter for routine child health examination with abnormal findings (Use	FFS: D0145: \$50.21 D0191: \$14.55	D0145: Oral evaluation, patient under 3 years old	Z00.121 Encounter for routine child health examination with abnormal findings (Use	FFS: Reimbursement will vary	
	D0191: Assessment of a patient	additional code to identify abnormal findings, such as dental caries (K02.9 Dental caries, unspecified) Z00.129. Encounter for routine child health examination without abnormal findings	FQHC/RHC/IHS: Included in well- child visit encounter rate	D0191: Assessment of a patient	additional code to identify abnormal findings, such as dental caries (K02.9 Dental caries, unspecified) Z00.129. Encounter for routine child health examination without abnormal findings	FQHC/RHC/IHS: Reimbursement will vary	
Assessment	Covered Age Range	D0145: patients under 3 years; year up to 21 years	D0191: patients ages 3	Covered	Age Range: Covered age range	will vary	
	Comments: MaineCare covers oral health risk assessments for members who do not have a dental home and/or have not seen a dentist in the past year. Based on claims data about 80% of children with MaineCare do not. The provider must ask about the existence of a current primary dentist/dental home; Include risk screening questions based on oral health history; Include assessment of mouth and teeth; and Develop an oral health plan which, if needed, includes parent, legal guardian, and/or primary caregiver education about importance of establishing a primary dentist/dental home for the child, and provide a referral to a dentist (when possible). MaineCare will cover two (2) evaluations per calendar year across all qualified providers, but no more than once every 150 days.			Comments: The ACA requires that non-grandfathered private plans cover without cost-sharing the preventive services recommended by the HRSA's Bright Futures Project.			
	Procedure Code	ICD-10 Code/ Modifier	Reimbursement Rate	Procedure Code	ICD-10 Code/ Modifier	Reimbursement Rate	
Fluoride Varnish	CPT 99188: Z29.3 Encounter for Application prophylactic fluoride topical administration fluoride (fluoride varnish)	FFS: CPT99188: \$26.58/application D1206: \$26.58/application	CPT 99188: Application topical fluoride	Z29.3 Encounter for prophylactic fluoride administration (fluoride varnish)	FFS: Reimbursement will vary		
	varnish by phs/qhp D1206: Topical application of fluoride varnish		FQHC/RHC/IHS: Included in well- child visit encounter rate	varnish by phs/qhp D1206: Topical application of fluoride varnish		FQHC/RHC/IHS: Reimbursement will vary	
	Covered A	ge Range: patients 6-months up	o to 21 years.	Covered Age Range: Patients ages 6-months up to 6 years.			



Comments: Application of topical fluoride varnish is covered up to four (4) times per calendar year for members under the age of 21. These limitations apply across qualified providers, including dental providers. Qualified providers shall bill using CPT code 99188.

Comments: Non-grandfathered private plans must cover all level A and B recommendations of the US Preventive Service Task Force (UPSTF) without cost sharing

Fluoride varnish by medical providers for children ages 6 months through 5 years (to the 6th birthday) is a Level B recommendation. If the provider is out of network the claim could be denied

		MaineCare		Private Insurance			
	Procedure Code	ICD-10 Code/ Modifier	Reimbursement Rate	Procedure Code	ICD-10 Code/ Modifier	Reimburse ment Rate	
Silver Diami ne Fluori de	D1354: Application of caries arresting medicament-per tooth	Z00.121 Encounter for routine child health examination with abnormal findings (Use additional code to identify abnormal findings, such as dental caries (K02.9 Dental caries, unspecified)	FFS: D01354: \$27.82/tooth FQHC/RHC/IHS: Included in well-child visit encounter rate	CPT 0792T: Silver Diamine Fluoride for Dental Caries	Z00.121 Encounter for routine child health examination with abnormal findings (Use additional code to identify abnormal findings, such as dental caries (K02.9 Dental caries, unspecified)	Unknown if commerci al insurers will reimburse for SDF.	
	Covered Age Range: patients 6-months up to 21 years.			Covered Age Range: Unknown if commercial insurers will reimburse for SDF.			
	Comments: Medicament application is covered twice per tooth per year for members with a documented history of high caries. Medicament applications are not covered on teeth that have received restoration service in the last twelve (12) months.			Comments: SDF is currently assigned a Category III current procedural terminology (CPT) code (0792T) which allows pediatricians to be paid for application of SDF. This designation is given to emerging technologies, services, procedures, and service paradigms for the purposes of data collection, evaluation of service delivery, and development of policy.			

